Exploring Innovative Reform in Medical Education Against the Background of Artificial Intelligence

Jian Huang¹

¹ Youjiang Medical University for Nationalities, Baise, Guangxi 533000, China ¹Corresponding author. Email: 00842@ymun.edu.cn

ABSTRACT

This article aims to explore the reform of medical education in the context of artificial intelligence and proposes three solutions to the current problems facing medical education. With the rapid development of artificial intelligence technology, the medical field is also actively exploring and applying AI technology. Therefore, medical education needs to adapt to this change to cultivate more medical professionals with AI skills and promote the development of the medical field. In this article, it propose specific solutions in three areas, including updating medical education content, updating education methods, and improving the education evaluation system. Firstly, medical education needs to update educational content, strengthen AI-related courses, combine AI technology with traditional curricula, and provide more practical opportunities for students to cultivate more medical professionals with AI skills. Secondly, medical education needs to update education methods, promote new education methods such as online education and virtual simulation experiments to improve teaching efficiency and quality. Finally, medical education needs to improve the education evaluation system, focus on students' practical and application abilities, and also consider students' comprehensive qualities to promote students' learning and development. The proposed solutions and suggestions in this article aim to better meet the society's demand for medical professionals and contribute to the construction of a healthy China. In the future, the medical field will increasingly rely on AI technology, and it expect medical education to continuously update and improve to adapt to this change and make greater contributions to cultivating more outstanding medical professionals.

Keywords: Artificial intelligence(AI), Medical education, Education content, Education methods, Education evaluation system, Medical professionals.

1. INTRODUCTION

With the rapid development of artificial intelligence technology, the field of medical education is facing a series of challenges, including teaching methods, curriculum content, and faculty [1]. Traditional medical education methods can no longer meet the needs of the new era, and artificial intelligence technology provides new opportunities for the reform and innovation of medical education. As artificial intelligence technology continues to evolve, medical education must also continuously adapt and update its teaching methods to better cultivate excellent medical talents. However, due to the complexity and advanced nature of artificial intelligence, integrating artificial intelligence into medical education teaching reform is still an area worth exploring [2].

2. PROBLEMS IN MEDICAL EDUCATION UNDER THE BACKGROUND OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

In the rapidly developing era of artificial intelligence, medical education faces various challenges. From the perspectives of education content, education integration, and education evaluation system, medical education has the following problems:

2.1 Lack of Education Content on Artificial Intelligence in Traditional Medical Education

Traditional medical education is mainly based on medical knowledge before the advent of artificial intelligence. However, with the development of artificial intelligence technology, the transformation of the medical field has already begun. Although the application of artificial intelligence technology in the medical field is still in its early stages, the potential for its use is limitless. Therefore, medical education needs to strengthen its learning and understanding of artificial intelligence technology to ensure that future medical talent can keep up with the pace of the times. Artificial intelligence technology has already begun to be widely used in the medical field. For example, artificial intelligence technology can assist doctors in diagnosing diseases by analyzing medical images and data, improving medical quality and efficiency. In addition, artificial intelligence technology can also be used for personalized treatment plans, drug research and development, and management and allocation of medical resources. However, medical schools lack teaching content in this area. The lack of artificial intelligence courses, the lack of guidance for students to understand the application of artificial intelligence in the medical field, and future development trends[3] have resulted in medical talents failing to take the initiative in the rapidly changing medical field, and lacking innovative and enterprising medical concepts[4].

2.2 Lack of Effective Integration of Artificial Intelligence Education in Medical Education

With the rapid development of artificial intelligence technology, medical education is facing new challenges and opportunities. Traditional medical education can no longer meet the demands of medical students to cope with artificial intelligence technology, thus the need to update teaching content and include knowledge and technology related to artificial intelligence[5]. New teaching content can include machine learning, data analysis, and the application of artificial intelligence in the medical field. Learning these knowledge and technologies can help improve the doctors' ability to cope with the increasing amount of medical data. In addition to updating teaching content, medical education should also adopt various teaching methods such as online education,

virtual simulation experiments, etc. [6]. These new educational methods can improve the efficiency and quality of education, allowing students to better grasp medical knowledge and skills. Online education allows students to learn anytime, anywhere, without being limited by time and place. Virtual simulation experiments allow students to conduct experiments in a safe environment, reducing the risk and cost of experiments [7]. Therefore, with the continuous development of artificial intelligence technology, medical education content and methods also need to be continuously updated and improved to meet new era and new demands.

2.3 The Education Evaluation System of Medical Education Cannot Fully Reflect Students' Actual Ability

The evaluation system of medical education is crucial for cultivating outstanding medical talents. However, the traditional evaluation system of medical education mainly relies on exam scores, which cannot fully reflect the knowledge and skill levels that students have obtained in practice. This evaluation method also cannot comprehensively evaluate students' comprehensive qualities, such as professional literacy, communication skills, teamwork ability, etc. [7]. Therefore, medical education needs to establish a more scientific evaluation system to evaluate students' knowledge, skills, and abilities, and encourage students to actively participate in scientific research projects to improve their practical ability[8]. Establishing a more scientific evaluation system needs to consider multiple aspects. First, medical education should strengthen the practical part, allowing students to participate in real medical scenarios and improve their skill levels and application abilities through practical operations. Secondly, the evaluation system can also incorporate the comprehensive quality evaluation of students, such as attitude, communication skills, and teamwork ability. Such evaluation methods can better reflect students' actual abilities and potential. In addition, the evaluation system should keep up with the times, constantly updating and improving to adapt to the changing medical environment and technology. For example, it can include the evaluation and application of emerging medical technologies, encouraging students to actively participate in the research and application of new technologies, and improving students' innovation and coping abilities. In addition to the establishment of the evaluation system, the reform of medical education also needs to consider multiple aspects. For example, medical education needs to pay more attention to students' autonomous learning ability and innovation ability, allowing students to become the main body of learning. At the same time, medical education also needs to strengthen the application of information technology, improve the efficiency and quality of education[9]. For example, various educational methods such as online education and virtual simulation experiments can be adopted to allow students to better grasp medical knowledge and skills. In short, establishing a scientific, comprehensive, and up-to-date evaluation system for medical education is very important. Such an evaluation system can better reflect students' actual abilities and potential, and improve the quality and level of medical education. In addition, the reform of medical education also requires efforts from multiple aspects, starting from teaching content, teaching methods, teaching tools, and gradually promoting the reform of medical education to meet the society's demand for medical talents.

Therefore, medical education needs to actively face the challenges brought by artificial intelligence, strengthen artificial intelligence education. combine organically artificial intelligence technology with medical knowledge, and improve students' comprehensive quality to make contributions to the future of the medical industry.

3. THEORETICAL BASIS FOR MEDICAL EDUCATION REFORM UNDER THE BACKGROUND OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

The theoretical foundation for carrying out medical education reform under the background of artificial intelligence is multifaceted, among which the philosophy of student-centered education, educational informatization theory, and educational evaluation theory are important theoretical foundations.

3.1 Student-centered Education Philosophy

In the student-centered education philosophy, medical education should focus on cultivating students' autonomous learning ability and innovation ability. This education method is different from the traditional medical education method of "preaching, teaching, and resolving doubts". Traditional medical education lacks opportunities for self-exploration, and students cannot actively learn and explore. In contrast, the student-centered education philosophy can make students the main body of learning, thus better exerting their learning and innovation abilities. To achieve this goal, medical education needs to be improved in the following ways:

3.1.1 Creating More Opportunities for Autonomous Learning

Students can improve their learning effectiveness through autonomous learning. Medical schools can establish relevant autonomous learning courses or activities to encourage students to learn autonomously[10]. Artificial intelligenceassisted teaching can track medical students' learning effectiveness in real-time and provide personalized learning guidance.

3.1.2 Cultivating Students' Innovation Ability

Students need certain innovation ability in the medical field. Medical schools can set up relevant innovation courses or encourage students to participate in medical research to cultivate their innovation ability[5]. This innovation course focuses more on the new progress and application of new technologies represented by artificial intelligence in the medical field.

3.1.3 Increasing Practical Opportunities

Students need to deepen their understanding of medical knowledge through practice. Medical schools can provide more practical opportunities, such as internships or volunteer activities. In the absence of practical conditions, artificial intelligence can provide enough virtual simulation experiments and practice, allowing medical students to obtain new knowledge and skills in practice, and promote academic level improvement [6].

3.2 Educational Informationization Theory

In modern society, the development of information technology affects various industries, and medical education is no exception. Educational informationization is an essential part of medical education. It can use modern information technology to improve the efficiency and quality of medical education, and help students better grasp medical knowledge and skills [7]. In addition to improving efficiency and quality, educational informationization can also bring other benefits. For example, medical schools can attract more students, especially those who cannot attend classes on campus, through online courses and learning resources. In addition, information technology can make medical education more interactive and personalized, providing students with a better learning experience. Therefore, medical schools should actively promote the application of information technology, providing better support for medical education[11]. They can improve the quality of teaching by introducing new technological tools and teaching methods, while also providing students with more choices and opportunities, enabling them to better adapt to the development of modern society.

3.3 Education Evaluation Theory

In the context of artificial intelligence, the theoretical foundation of medical education reform is becoming increasingly important. Medical education needs to adapt to the development of artificial intelligence and focus on cultivating medical talents with innovation and adaptability. In this context, the evaluation of medical education also needs corresponding reform. The evaluation system should focus on students' practical application and problem-solving ability, rather than simply focusing on students' knowledge level[8]. In addition, the evaluation system of medical education should also shift from traditional exam assessment to comprehensive evaluation, including project-based evaluation and practical skills assessment. This can better cultivate medical students' comprehensive quality and practical ability, and better meet the needs of the medical talent market. Furthermore, the evaluation system of medical education should also be adapted to the teaching mode of medical education. Currently, the teaching mode of medical education has begun to shift towards a student-centered teaching mode[12]. Therefore, the evaluation system of medical education should pay more attention to students' active learning and autonomy, strengthen guidance and support for students. At the same time, the evaluation system of medical education should also pay more attention to students' practical and innovative abilities, encourage students to participate in practical projects and scientific research projects, and cultivate students' practical skills and research abilities. In summary, the evaluation system of medical education should be continuously improved and innovated to adapt to

the constantly changing social needs and the development of medical education. Only in this way it can be better cultivate medical talents who can adapt to the era of artificial intelligence and make greater contributions to the development of medical and health undertakings.

In summary, medical education reform needs to adapt to the development of artificial intelligence, focus on students' practical and innovative abilities, promote educational informationization, improve and innovate the evaluation system of medical education, continuously improve the quality and efficiency of medical education, and provide better guarantees for cultivating more high-quality medical talents.

4. REFORM FRAMEWORK OF MEDICAL EDUCATION UNDER THE BACKGROUND OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

In the context of rapid developments in artificial intelligence, the field of medicine is undergoing profound change, with medical institutions and professionals actively exploring the application of AI in medical research and practice. In this context, medical education must adapt to these changes in order to develop more medical professionals with AI skills and to promote the advancement of the medical field.

4.1 Update of Educational Content

The rapid development of artificial intelligence has profoundly changed the field of medicine, and medical institutions and doctors are actively exploring the application of artificial intelligence in medical research and practice. In this context, medical education must adapt to this change in order to cultivate more medical professionals with artificial intelligence skills and promote the development of the medical field. Therefore, in order to better adapt to this change, medical education needs to be updated to better prepare future doctors and meet the needs of medical institutions.

On the one hand, medical schools should strengthen the setting of artificial intelligencerelated courses and integrate artificial intelligence technology into traditional courses. This will enable students to have a deeper understanding of the application of artificial intelligence in the medical field and possible future trends. For example, artificial intelligence technology can be applied to medical imaging diagnosis to improve diagnosis accuracy and efficiency. Medical schools can also set up artificial intelligence laboratories to provide students with more practical opportunities to master the application of artificial intelligence technology in practice. These measures will help to cultivate more medical professionals with artificial intelligence skills.

On the other hand, medical schools can provide students with more practical opportunities through cooperation with the medical industry. As doctors have more opportunities to use artificial intelligence technology in practice, it is important for students to master the application of artificial intelligence technology in practice. For example, medical schools can cooperate with medical institutions to carry out research on the application of artificial intelligence technology in the medical field and allow students to participate in the research to improve their practical ability.

In summary, in order to better adapt to the development trend of medical education under the background of artificial intelligence, medical schools should strengthen the setting of artificial intelligence courses and integrate artificial intelligence technology into traditional courses. At the same time, cooperation with the medical industry is also very important, which can provide students with more practical opportunities to master the application of artificial intelligence technology in practice. These measures will help to cultivate more medical professionals with artificial intelligence skills and promote the development of the medical field.

4.2 Changes in Education Methods

With the rapid development of artificial intelligence technology, the medical industry is also constantly changing and innovating. When it comes to medical education, it has to mention changes in education methods. Nowadays, traditional medical education methods are no longer able to meet the needs of students and society. It needs to find more scientific and effective education methods to improve teaching efficiency and quality.

Diversification of education methods is an important part of medical education reform. The introduction of new education methods such as online education and virtual simulation experiments has brought more flexible, autonomous, and safe learning methods to medical education. Online education is not limited by time and space, and students can arrange self-learning according to their own time. At the same time, virtual simulation experiments also provide students with a safer practical environment, which can avoid safety accidents caused by operation errors and improve students' practical ability. In addition, practical teaching is also an important part of current medical education. Through practical teaching, students can have a deeper understanding of medical knowledge and better master relevant skills.

In the change of education methods, it also need to pay attention to the updating and innovation of education content. The update speed of medical knowledge is very fast, and it need to constantly update textbooks and teaching content to ensure that the knowledge and skills learned by students meet the requirements of current medical development. In addition, it also need to pay attention to the cultivation of humanistic qualities, encourage students to pay attention to social issues, and improve their sense of social responsibility and humanistic literacy.

In summary, changes in education methods are a necessary part of medical education reform. It need to constantly explore and innovate, find more scientific and efficient education methods, better cultivate medical talents, and contribute to the development of the social health undertakings.

4.3 Improvements in Education Evaluation System

Under the background of artificial intelligence, the reform framework of medical education needs to pay more attention to students' practical application ability. The evaluation system should be more scientific and objective, and can comprehensively and accurately evaluate students' abilities and qualities. In medical education, the importance of the evaluation system is self-evident, and it is not only the evaluation of students but also the evaluation of the entire medical education system.

When establishing an evaluation system, attention should be paid to the cultivation of students' practical ability. By letting students participate in practical courses and scientific research projects, they can better grasp medical knowledge and skills and get better training in practice. In addition, the evaluation system should comprehensively consider students' practical and application abilities, such as clinical practice, diagnosis, and treatment. At the same time, the evaluation system should also pay attention to students' comprehensive qualities, such as communication skills, interpersonal skills, teamwork skills, and innovative abilities.

In addition to considering students' abilities and qualities, the evaluation system should also be conducive to students' learning and development. The evaluation system should encourage students to continuously improve and innovate, promote their personal abilities and career development. In the design of the evaluation system, flexibility and operability should be emphasized so that the evaluation system can reflect students' actual situation in a timely manner.

In summary, establishing a scientific evaluation system is of great significance for the development of medical education and the improvement of education quality. The evaluation system of medical education should focus on students' practical and application abilities, evaluate their comprehensive qualities, and be conducive to students' learning and development. Only in this way it can be better promote the development of medical education and the improvement of education quality.

5. STRATEGIES FOR MEDICAL EDUCATION UNDER THE BACKGROUND OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

As the use of artificial intelligence technology becomes more widespread and advanced, the field of medical education faces new challenges and opportunities. In order to keep up with these changes, it is necessary to take a proactive approach to adapting and innovating medical education. This includes strengthening the construction of teaching staff, establishing pilot reforms in AI medical education, and establishing an evaluation mechanism for AI medical education. By taking these steps, it can ensure that medical education remains relevant and effective in the rapidly evolving healthcare industry.

5.1 Strengthening the Construction of Teaching Staff

With the rapid development and extensive application of artificial intelligence technology, medical education is facing new challenges and opportunities. In this context, it is particularly important to strengthen the construction of teaching staff. In order to better adapt to the medical education needs of the artificial intelligence era, It suggest that medical schools take the following further measures:

5.1.1 Establishing More Artificial Intelligence Education and Research Institutions to Provide Students with More Academic Resources and Research Support

This can help improve the teaching level and research ability of teachers, and allow students to understand and master medical knowledge from multiple perspectives. At the same time, these institutions can also undertake the tasks of applying and innovating artificial intelligence technology in the medical field, providing more value and contribution to medical education and healthcare.

5.1.2 Strengthening International Exchanges and Cooperation to Attract More Excellent Teachers and Scholars to Join the Field of Medical Education

Through an international perspective, introducing and learning from advanced medical education concepts and models from foreign countries can help improve the quality and level of medical education and enhance the international influence and competitiveness of medical schools.

5.1.3 Promoting the Diversified and Specialized Development of the Teaching Staff

Medical schools should pay attention to introducing and cultivating outstanding talents with both medical professional background and expertise in artificial intelligence technology and other related fields. These talents can not only provide more academic resources and research support for medical education, but also inject new vitality and motivation into the innovation and development of medical education.

Through the implementation of the above measures, it believe that the quality and level of medical education in medical schools will be further improved, laying a more solid foundation for cultivating more outstanding medical talents.

5.2 Establishing Pilot Reforms in AI Medical Education

Against the backdrop of the increasingly developing artificial intelligence, medical education also needs to keep up with and update constantly. Establishing pilot reforms in AI medical education is one way for medical colleges and universities to respond to this challenge. Through the establishment of pilot reforms in AI medical education, students can access the latest and most advanced technologies, while also gaining a deeper understanding of the application of AI in the medical field. This can not only enhance students' innovation and practical abilities but also provide more possibilities for future medical research and practice. In the pilot reforms, students can learn and master various AI technologies, such as machine learning, image recognition, natural language processing, and so on. These technologies can help medical experts and researchers better process and analyze medical data, identify potential medical problems, and improve the diagnosis and treatment of diseases. In addition, these technologies can also help medical education better meet the needs of society, cultivate more medical experts and researchers, and promote the continuous development and progress of medical education. Therefore, it believes that medical colleges and universities should increase their support for the construction of pilot reforms in AI medical education and provide students with more learning and practical opportunities. It believe that in the near future, AI will have a more profound impact on the medical field, and establishing AI labs is an important way for medical colleges and universities to respond to this challenge.

5.3 Establishing an Evaluation Mechanism for AI Medical Education

Artificial intelligence (AI) has become a significant tool for medical education in recent years. It can provide valuable insights into complex medical problems and assist healthcare practitioners in making informed decisions. However, to ensure that AI is integrated effectively into medical education, it is essential to establish a robust evaluation mechanism that can measure its impact on students, educators, and healthcare practitioners.

To establish an effective evaluation mechanism for AI medical education, it is crucial to define clear learning objectives and desired outcomes. These objectives should be aligned with the needs and goals of students, educators, and healthcare practitioners. The goals should be specific, measurable, and achievable within a given timeframe. For example, learning objectives could include improving diagnostic accuracy or enhancing clinical decision-making skills.

Once learning objectives have been established, it is necessary to identify suitable evaluation metrics. These metrics should be aligned with the learning objectives and should be measurable. Common evaluation metrics for AI medical education include knowledge assessments, skills assessments, and performance evaluations. Knowledge assessments can include multiplechoice questions or case studies that test a student's understanding of a particular topic. Skills assessments can involve practical tasks that evaluate a student's ability to apply knowledge in a clinical setting. Performance evaluations can measure the impact of AI on patient outcomes and healthcare costs.

It is also important to establish a feedback mechanism for students and educators. This can include regular formative assessments, as well as summative assessments at the end of a course or program. Formative assessments can provide ongoing feedback to students and educators on their progress towards meeting learning objectives. Summative assessments can evaluate the overall effectiveness of the AI medical education program and provide insights into areas for improvement.

Finally, it is important to continuously evaluate and refine the evaluation mechanism itself. This can include soliciting feedback from students and educators, analyzing evaluation data, and making adjustments as necessary to ensure that the evaluation mechanism is effective and aligned with the needs of the healthcare industry. Continuous evaluation can help to identify areas where the AI medical education program is falling short and help to improve its effectiveness over time. See "Figure 1" Framework of medical education innovation reform in the context of artificial intelligence for details.



Figure 1 Framework of medical education innovation reform in the context of artificial intelligence.

In conclusion, establishing an effective evaluation mechanism for AI medical education is crucial to ensure that it is integrated effectively into healthcare practice. By defining clear learning objectives, identifying suitable evaluation metrics, establishing a feedback mechanism, and continuously evaluating and refining the evaluation mechanism, it can ensure that AI is used effectively to improve patient outcomes and healthcare efficiency.

6. CONCLUSION

Artificial intelligence poses new challenges to medical education, but also brings new opportunities for its reform. Based on the analysis of three major problems that currently exist: lack of AI medical teaching content, lack of AI integration methods, and lack of AI evaluation system, a student-centered education philosophy, an information-based carrier, and an AI evaluation system-oriented medical education system have proposed been to put forward three countermeasures: updating AI medical teaching content, updating education methods, improving education evaluation system, and gradually promoting the reform of medical education to meet the society's demand for medical talents and contribute to the construction of a healthy China.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This study was supported by Guangxi University Student Innovation and Entrepreneurship Training Project in 2021: National Medical Intellectual Property Incubation platform, Project Number:202110599033S; 2021 Guangxi Higher education Undergraduate Teaching Reform Project "Innovation and Entrepreneurship Integration Teaching Reform in Medical Colleges under the New Medical Background", project number: 2021JGA282.

REFERENCES

- [1] Zhiting ZHU, Hongchao PENG, and Yunhe LEI. Intelligent education: practice path of smart education. Open Education Research, 2018. 24(04): p. 13-24+42.
- [2] Limin YAO. Effective teaching research. 2004, East China Normal University.
- [3] Guoshuai LAN, et al. 5G+ intelligent technology: constructing a new ecosystem of intelligent education in the "intelligence +" era. Distance Education Magazine, 2019. 37(03): p. 3-16.
- [4] Shihan CHEN and Junjie WU. The theoretical construction of medical education metaverse. China Medical Education Technology, 2023. 37(04): p. 390-396.
- [5] Youru XIE, et al. Integration and innovation to effectively improve the quality of "golden course" construction. China Electric Education, 2019(11): p. 9-16.
- [6] Shubing LIN and Qianwei ZHANG. 20-year research review of China's information technology teaching model: learning from, transforming, and innovating. China Electric Education, 2015(09): p. 103-110+117.
- [7] Yunpo HUANG, et al. Construction and practice of formative evaluation system in the perspective of education informationization 2.0. China Medical Education Technology, 2023. 37(04): p. 458-462+467.
- [8] Di WU, et al. Empowering education evaluation reform with intelligent technology. Open Education Research, 2023. 29(04): p. 4-10.
- [9] Shengzu GU, et al. Innovation-driven and core technology breakthroughs are the cornerstone of high-quality development. China Soft Science, 2018(10): p. 9-18.

- [10] Yan DONG and Wei SUN. Research on DoPBL (productive learning that promotes interdisciplinary learning) mode to promote interdisciplinary learning: based on the integration perspective of problem-based PBL and project-based PBL. Distance Education Magazine, 2019. 37(02): p. 81-89.
- [11] Ruhua HUANG and Baiyang LI. Reform of information literacy education under the background of MOOC. Library and Information Service, 2015(04): p. 14-25.
- [12] Bangqi LIU, et al. Research on innovative application of subject teaching mode based on smart classroom. Electric Education Research, 2019. 40(04): p. 85-91.